

PASUBIO GROUP

Condensed consolidated interim financial statements
as of and for the three-months period ended
March 31, 2023
(unaudited)

Use of this report is subject to the disclaimer included in the back.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Balance Sheet (Unaudited)

€ thousand		As of March 31, 2023	As of December 31, 2022
Goodwill	1	455,425	461,552
Intangible assets	2	24,399	24,948
Property, plant and equipment	3	61,973	58,608
Investments in associated and other companies		5,072	106
Other assets	4	4,533	4,788
Non-current Assets		551,402	550,001
Inventories	5	94,612	93,390
Trade receivables		38,693	40,745
Tax receivables		4,099	3,224
Deferred tax assets		1,050	1,163
Other receivables		7,123	8,499
Prepaid expenses and accrued income		2,399	2,205
Cash at bank and on hand		23,581	22,928
Total current Assets		171,557	172,154
Total Assets		722,959	722,155
Shareholders' equity		(120,046)	(125,122)
Deferred tax liabilities		(6,348)	(6,570)
Provisions for employee severance indemnities		(1,526)	(1,673)
Provision for risks and charges		(686)	(686)
Bank Loan	8	(13,324)	(11,604)
Notes	6	(328,536)	(328,124)
Shareholders' loan	7	(148,340)	(144,751)
Other financial liabilities	9	(4,245)	(3,226)
Non-Current Liabilities		(503,004)	(496,634)
Bank Loan	8	(15,292)	(14,923)
Notes	6	(70)	(63)
Other financial liabilities	9	(3,303)	(4,106)
Trade payables		(61,422)	(61,300)
Shareholders' loan	7	-	-
Tax payables		(3,140)	(2,158)
Social security payables		(2,496)	(3,165)
Other payables		(9,088)	(8,553)
Accrued expenses		(5,098)	(6,131)
Current Liabilities		(99,909)	(100,399)
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' equity		(722,959)	(722,155)

Condensed Consolidated Interim Income Statement (Unaudited)

€ thousand	Notes	3 month at March 31, 2023	3 month at March 31, 2022
Revenue	10	96,277	93,930
Other revenue and income		1,170	234
Total revenue and other income		97,447	94,164
Purchase of goods and changes in inventory	11	(49,535)	(50,855)
Cost of services		(17,795)	(14,637)
Use of third party assets		(312)	(256)
Personnel costs		(13,285)	(13,101)
Other operating costs		(275)	(227)
Capitalization in fixed assets for internal work		216	-
Depreciation - tangible assets		(2,300)	(2,479)
Amortization - intangible assets		(7,582)	(7,407)
Write-down of trade receivables		(66)	-
Total operating costs		(90,933)	(88,963)
Operating profit / (loss)		6,514	5,201
Financial income (expenses)	12	(10,389)	(7,964)
Net exchange rate gain (losses)	12	(125)	108
Profit (Loss) before tax		(4,000)	(2,655)
Income taxes		(947)	(2,592)
Profit (Loss) for the year		(4,947)	(5,247)
ATTRIBUTABLE TO:			
Owners of the parent		(4,947)	(5,302)
Non-controlling interests		-	55

Condensed Consolidated Interim Cash Flow Statement (Unaudited)

€ thousands	3 month at March 31, 2023	3 month at March 31, 2022
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit (Loss) for the year	(4,947)	(5,247)
Income Taxes	947	2,592
Net financial expenses	10,389	7,964
(Capital gains) Capital losses deriving from disposal assets	-	(95)
1. Profit (loss) for the year before income taxes, interest, dividends and capital gains / losses on disposal	6,390	5,214
<i>Non cash adjustments</i>		
Depreciation and Amortization	9,881	9,886
Non-monetary adjustments that have not had a counterpart in working capital	61	-
Provisions (Uses) for contingencies	(146)	22
Total non-monetary adjustments without effects in working capital	9,796	9,908
2. Cash flow from operating activities before changes in net working capital	16,186	15,122
<i>Changes in Net Working Capital</i>		
Decrease (Increase) of inventories	(1,222)	2,768
Decrease (Increase) of trade receivables	2,052	(11,815)
(Decrease) Increase in trade payables	121	(4,223)
Decrease (Increase) in accrued income and prepaid expenses	(250)	1,048
(Decrease) Increase in accrued expenses and deferred income	-	17
Other working capital items	(248)	(2,616)
Total changes in working capital	454	(14,821)
3. Cash flow from operating activities after changes in working capital	16,640	301
<i>Other Adjustments</i>		
(Income tax paid)	(642)	-
(Interests paid)	(6,267)	(3,942)
Total other adjustments	(6,909)	(3,942)
Cash flow from operating activities (A)	9,731	(3,641)
Cash flow from investing activities		
(Payments for tangible assets)	(4,043)	(2,159)
Proceeds from sale of tangible assets	-	69
(Payments for intangible assets)	(905)	(1,069)
(Payments for financial fixed assets)	(25)	(16)
Net cash used in acquisition of Innova	(4,941)	-
Net cash flow for the acquisition of Conceria Pasubio Group	-	(4,362)
Cash flow from investing activities (B)	(9,914)	(7,537)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds and repayment of short term loan	75	457
Proceeds of new long term loan	1,720	13,506
Repayment of long term loan	(958)	(1,255)
Cash flow from financing activities (C)	837	12,708
Increase/(Decrease) cash and cash equivalents (A ± B ± C)	653	1,530
Cash at hand and on bank at beginning of the period	22,928	27,969
Cash at hand and on bank at the end of the period	23,581	29,499

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)

€ thousands	Share capital	Legal Reserve	Share premium reserve	Revaluation Reserve	Hedging Reserve	Consolidation Reserve	Translation Reserve	Extraordinary Reserve	Retained earnings/losses	Fiscal year profit/loss	Total Group shareholders' equity
Balance as of December 31, 2022	6,800	1,447	60,876	10,432	2,884	487	159	57,424	(12)	(15,375)	125,122
Allocation of profit (loss) for the year									(15,375)	15,375	-
Cash flow hedge reserve					(136)						(136)
Other movements							19	(8,228)	8,216		7
Result for the period ended December 31, 2022										(4,947)	(4,947)
Balance as of March 31, 2023	6,800	1,447	60,876	10,432	2,749	487	178	49,196	(7,171)	(4,947)	120,046

Operating & Financial Review

Significant events throughout the period

General Overview

The Russia-Ukraine conflict has caused increased uncertainty regarding global economic developments. As a result, many Western countries have imposed sanctions on Russia, including extensive trade embargoes and partial exclusion from the global financial system. Russia itself, as a major energy producer, implemented restrictions on deliveries to Europe, specifically in the form of gas supply. While there has been some return to stability in the energy and commodity markets in recent months, the prices of raw materials remain elevated if compared to the beginning of 2022 before the Russia-Ukraine conflict. Moreover, the persisting supply shortages and rising wage trends in overheated labor markets pose a continued risk of high inflation.

In the reporting period, following the global economic downturn in 2020, there was an incipient recovery driven by baseline and catch-up effects in 2021, as well as the gradual normalization of economic activity despite the Russia-Ukraine conflict in 2022. On average, both advanced economies and emerging markets continued their recovery.

At the national level, developments varied depending on two main factors. Firstly, the intensity with which central banks had to tighten monetary policy to address higher inflation, primarily through interest rate hikes and scaling back bond-buying programs.

Secondly, the extent to which national economies were affected by the consequences of the Russia-Ukraine conflict played a crucial role in shaping their economic performance during the reporting period. Prices for energy and many other raw materials were lower than in the previous year, and shortages of intermediate products and commodities eased partially.

Raw Material Price fluctuation

Economic growth in the euro area experienced a significant decline during the second half of 2022, reaching a stagnation point in the fourth quarter. However, in a context where energy supplies have become more secure, the dynamics of energy prices have significantly moderated. This has led to improved confidence and expectations of a slight increase in activity in the short term. The decrease in energy prices currently results in a slight easing of costs, particularly for energy-intensive sectors, and the global supply-side bottlenecks have partially subsided.

The sharp adjustment in energy markets has resulted in a significant dampening of price pressures in utilities. The inflation of energy goods, which had reached a peak of over 40% last autumn, is projected to ease in the second half of 2023.

Seasonality

Our business is seasonal. Our working capital requirements typically increase during the first and third quarters of the year and reduce towards the end of the year. OEMs typically slow down vehicle production during certain portions of the year. For instance, our European customers slow down vehicle production in August and during the holiday season in December during which they also often conduct internal maintenance and adjustments to inventory. Further, there are a fewer number of working days at the end of the year as opposed to the beginning of a year and this results in a reduction in vehicle production towards the end of such year.

Results of Operations

€ thousand	3 month at March 31, 2023	3 month at March 31, 2022	
Revenue	96,277	93,930	2.5%
Other revenue and income	1,170	234	399.6%
Total revenue and other income	97,447	94,164	3.5%
Purchase of goods and changes in inventory	49,535	50,855	-2.6%
Cost of services	17,795	14,637	21.6%
Use of third party assets	312	256	21.9%
Personnel costs	13,285	13,101	1.4%
Other operating costs	275	227	21.0%
Capitalization in fixed assets for internal work	(216)	0	n.a.
Depreciation - tangible assets	2,300	2,479	-7.2%
Amortization - intangible assets	7,582	7,407	2.4%
Write-down of trade receivables	66	0	n.a.
Total operating costs	90,933	88,963	2.2%
Operating profit / (loss)	6,514	5,201	25.2%
Financial income (expenses)	(10,389)	(7,964)	30.4%
Net exchange rate gain (losses)	(125)	108	-215.3%
Profit (Loss) before tax	(4,000)	(2,655)	50.7%
Income taxes	(947)	(2,592)	-63.4%
Profit (Loss) for the year	(4,947)	(5,247)	-5.7%
ATTRIBUTABLE TO:			
Owners of the parent	13,500	(5,302)	
Non-controlling interests		55	

Revenue

Revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2023 amounts to € 96.3 million, an increase of € 2.3 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to price increase that took effect from January 1, 2023.

Purchase of goods and changes in inventory

Purchase of goods and changes in inventory for the three months ended March 31, 2023 amount to € 49.5, a decrease of € 1.3 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to operational improvement.

Cost of services

Cost of services for the three months ended March 31, 2023 amounts to € 17.8, an increase of € 3.2 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to an increase in costs for outsourcing operations and in utility costs as a result of the higher inflation if compared to the same period of the previous year.

Personnel costs

Personnel costs for the three months ended March 31, 2023 amount to € 13.3, an increase of € 0.2 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Other operating costs

Other operating costs for the three months ended March 31, 2023 amounts to € 0.2 million, basically in line if compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021.

Depreciation—tangible assets

Depreciation—tangible assets for the three months ended March 31, 2023 amounts to € 2.3 million, a decrease of € 0.2 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Amortization—intangible assets

Amortization—intangible assets for the three months ended March 31, 2023 amounts to € 7.7 million, an increase of € 0.2 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to an increase in investment in intangible assets.

Financial expenses

Financial expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2022 amount to € 10.4 million, an increase of € 2.4 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily as a result of the higher value of the interest rate due to inflation.

Income taxes

Income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2023 amount to € 0.9 million, a decrease of € 1.6 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily as a result of lower profit before tax due to the new debt structure.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

Historically, the principal sources of our liquidity have been (i) cash flow from operating activities, (ii) bank credit lines, (iii) existing bank loans and (iv) revolving credit borrowings. In addition, we engage in the sale of the receivables related to certain specific customers on the basis of uncommitted framework non-recourse factoring agreements in order to support our working capital and liquidity needs. To ensure access to credit for our suppliers and given the importance of the supply chain to the leather industry, in January 2021, we entered into a reverse factoring agreement with certain suppliers. Pursuant to this reverse factoring agreement, the relevant suppliers have the discretionary option to sell receivables we owe to them to an independent third-party finance company and to receive the amount owed to them before the due date. In exchange for this arrangement, some of these suppliers have granted us longer due dates for payments. Payables related to our reverse factoring program are included in the line item “trade payables” in our financial statements. This reverse factoring program has a volume cap of €18.0 million.

Historically, our principal uses of cash have been (i) funding capital expenditures, (ii) providing working capital, (iii) meet debt service requirements and (iv) fund acquisitions.

We or an affiliate may, from time to time, depending on market conditions and other factors, repurchase or acquire an interest in our outstanding indebtedness, whether or not such indebtedness trades above or below its face amount, for cash and/or in exchange for other securities or other consideration, in each case in open market purchases and/or privately negotiated transactions or otherwise.

Cash Flows

The table below sets forth a summary of our consolidated statements of cash flows as of and for the periods indicated:

€ million	3 month at March 31, 2023	3 month at March 31, 2022
Cash flow from operating activities	9.7	(3.6)
Cash flow used in investing activities	(9.9)	(7.5)
Cash flow used in financing activities	0.8	12.7
Increase/(Decrease) cash and cash equivalents	0.7	1.5
Cash at hand and on bank at beginning of the period	22.9	28.0
Cash at hand and on bank at the end of the period	23.6	29.5

Cash flow from operating activities

Cash flow used in operating activities amounted to €9.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, an increase of €13.3 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily as a result of decrease in working capital mainly due to new projects and as well as a different terms of payments due to different sales mix.

Cash flow used in investing activities

Cash flow used in investing activities amounted to €9.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, a decrease of €2.4 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily as a result of the Innova Acquisition during the first quarter of 2023.

Cash flow used in financing activities

Cash flow from financing activities amounted to €0.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, a decrease of € 11.9 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to the drawing of the RCF in the first quarter 2022.

Capital expenditure

To support our business strategy and development plans and to further expand our business, we regularly incur capital expenditure.

The table below sets forth our capital expenditure based on cash flows for the periods indicated:

€ million	3 month at March 31, 2023	3 month at March 31, 2022
Payments for tangible assets	5.6	2.2
Proceeds from sale of tangible assets	-	(0.1)
Payments for intangible assets	0.9	1.1
Capital Expenditure	6.5	3.2

For the three months ended March 31, 2023, capital expenditure amounted to €6.5 million including €1.5 million of new leasing capex.

Other Information

In these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, we present certain financial measures that are not recognized by Italian GAAP or any other generally accepted by accounting principles. We refer to these measures as “non-GAAP measures” as they exclude amounts that are included in, or include amounts that are excluded from, the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with Italian GAAP, or are calculated using financial measures that are not calculated in accordance with Italian GAAP.

Non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures used by other companies and have limitations as analytical tools and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of the Pasubio Group’s operating results as reported under Italian GAAP.

Last Twelve Months (“LTM”) represents the twelve months ended March 31, 2023.

€ million	3 months at March 31, 2023	3 months at March 31, 2022	LTM March 31, 2023
(1) Net Revenue	93.5	91.4	352.3
(2) EBITDA	16.3	15.2	63.1
(2) Adjusted EBITDA	17.2	15.3	65.6
(3) Working Capital	69.5	75.3	69.5
(2) Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA			73.9
(4) Net Financial Position (NFP)			350.8
Ratio of NFP to Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA			4.7x

(1) We define net revenue as revenue excluding sales of unfinished leather and certain after sale discounts that we sometimes apply in case of disputes in connection with our products.

The following table reconciles revenue, presented under Italian GAAP, to net revenue for each of the periods indicated:

€ million	3 months at March 31, 2023	3 months at March 31, 2022	LTM March 31, 2023
Revenue	96.3	93.9	359.7
(a) Disputes (discounts on sales)	(0.3)	(0.6)	(2.0)
(b) Sales of not finished leathers	3.8	3.0	14.9
(c) Other Revenues	(0.7)	0.0	(5.5)
(d) Late adjustments	0.1	0.0	(0.1)
Net revenue	93.5	91.4	352.3

(a) Represents commercial discounts on sales for which a customer has raised a quality complaint. When this happens, our customer service team analyzes the case and can decide to take back the leather as physical returns and issue a credit note or agree with the relevant customer a discount of the selling price and issue a credit note.

(b) Represents sales of the sub-product that we obtain from processing raw hides which are the split leather to reduce the thickness of the raw material. These products are then sold back to the supplier or to specific customers. These products are not classified

in the net revenue because they are treated as a recovery of the purchase price of raw materials and are not part of our core business.

- (c) Represents operating and other grants received by Pasubio as a transfer of resources in return for past or future compliance with certain conditions relating to the operating activities of the company.
- (d) Represents differences between management account closing and statutory closing. Certain unaccrued invoices at management closing can accrue before the statutory account closing, which usually takes place a few months after management account closing.

Net revenue is not a measure of net income, operating income, operating performance or liquidity presented in accordance with Italian GAAP. When assessing our operating performance, you should not consider this data in isolation or as a substitute for our net income, operating income or any other operating performance or liquidity measure calculated in accordance with Italian GAAP.

- (2) We define EBITDA as profit (loss) for the period before financial income (expenses), income taxes, depreciation—tangible assets and amortization—intangible assets. We define Adjusted EBITDA as EBITDA adjusted for certain non-cash items, including net exchange rate gain (losses) and write-down of trade receivables, certain items we believe are non-recurring or exceptional in nature, including start-up costs, one-off / non-operating adjustments and the impact of COVID-19, and certain other adjustments not reflective of the ongoing performance of our business, including capital gain/loss and financial income/expenses (bank charges). We define Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA as Adjusted EBITDA adjusted for (A) estimated purchasing synergies resulting from the Hewa Acquisition and (B) the run rate effect of our cost improvement operational projects as if cost improvements resulting therefrom had full effect from January 1, 2021.

We believe Adjusted EBITDA and Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA are useful metrics for investors to understand our results of operations and profitability because it permits investors to evaluate our recurring profitability from underlying operating activities. Additionally, we believe that Adjusted EBITDA and Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA provide investors with a tool to compare the historical performance of our business across different periods as our adjustments to net profit from continuing operations and the exclusion of certain costs and expenses include items not considered by management to be attributable to the day-to-day operation of our business. We also use this measure internally to establish forecasts, budgets and operational goals to manage and monitor our business, as well as evaluating our underlying historical performance. Our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA and Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA may be different from the presentation used by other companies and therefore comparability may be limited. Adjusted EBITDA and Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA are Non-GAAP Measures and the terms Adjusted EBITDA and Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA are not defined under Italian GAAP or any other generally accepted accounting principles. Consequently, the use of Adjusted EBITDA and Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA has certain limitations. Adjusted EBITDA and Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA are not measures of net income, operating income, operating performance or liquidity presented in accordance with Italian GAAP. When assessing our operating performance, you should not consider this data in isolation or as a substitute for our net income, operating income or any other operating performance or liquidity measure calculated in accordance with Italian GAAP. Adjusted EBITDA and Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA as presented herein differ from Consolidated EBITDA as defined in the Indenture.

The following table reconciles EBITDA to Adjusted EBITDA for each of the periods indicated, and Adjusted EBITDA to Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA for the twelve months ended September 30, 2022:

€ thousand	3 months at March 31, 2023	3 months at March 31, 2022	LTM March 31, 2023
EBITDA	16.3	15.2	63.1
Net exchange rate gain (losses)	0.1	(0.1)	(0.1)
(a) Non-recurring adjustments	0.7	0.1	2.1
(b) Other adjustments	0.1	0.1	0.6
Adjusted EBITDA	17.2	15.3	65.6
(c) Hewa Acquisition adjustments			3.5
(d) Run Rate Saving OPS			4.7
Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA			73.9

- (a) For the three months ended March 31, 2023, non-recurring adjustments consisted of (A) €0.4 thousand related to one-off consulting expenses; (B) € 0.1 million related to Hewa integration process; (C) € 60.7 thousand related to consultancies connected to certain M&A projects; (D) € 20.9 thousand related to the implementation of GD US and GDI Mexico plants to start tannery activities for new project and (E) € 19.5 thousand related to extraordinary leaving incentives.

For the three months ended March 31, 2022, non-recurring adjustments consisted of (A) € 6.5 thousand of one-off COVID-19 related to extraordinary healthcare measures to protect our employees; (B) € 54.0 thousand related to one-off consulting and professional expenses connected to one off projects; (C) € 2.0 thousand consisting of one off costs related to the relocation of our Italian cutting plant and (D) € 65.2 thousand related to extraordinary personnel costs.

For the twelve months ended March 31, 2023, non-recurring adjustments consisted of (A) 0.8 million of one off adjustment related to different inventory evaluation of Hewa; (B) 0.4 million related to one-off consulting expenses; (C) 0.4 million related to Hewa integration process; (D) 0.2 million related to extraordinary personnel costs such as extraordinary wages and leaving incentives; (E) € 0.1 million related to consultancies connected to certain M&A projects; (F) € 0.1 million related to extraordinary bad debt provision in Arzignanese; (G) € 20.9 thousand related to the implementation of GD US and GDI Mexico plants to start tannery

activities for new project and (H) € 6.5 thousand of one-off COVID-19 related to extraordinary healthcare measures to protect our employees.

- (b) For the three months ended March 31, 2023, other adjustments consisted of €0.1 million of capital gain/loss; bank charges and late adjustments between management closing and statutory closing.

For the three months ended March 31, 2022, other adjustments consisted of €0.1 million of capital gain/loss; bank charges and late adjustments between management closing and statutory closing.

For the twelve months ended March 31, 2023, other adjustments consisted of (i) €0.6 million of capital gain/loss; bank charges and late adjustments between management closing and statutory closing.

- (c) Represents €4.1 million of estimated synergies resulting from Hewa (i) purchasing raw materials under Conceria Pasubio's arrangements with suppliers, which provide for better commercial terms, compared to Hewa's existing supply contracts and (ii) perform at Conceria Pasubio's efficiency level in the use of raw hides. These savings are expected to come into effect contemporaneously with the integration of Hewa into Conceria Pasubio's business. It is our objective to reach the levels of projected synergies reflected above, no assurance can be given that such levels will be achieved in the time frame indicated or at all or that additional unanticipated costs will not arise. Our synergy estimates are based on a number of assumptions made in reliance on the information available to us and our judgments based on such information. The assumptions used in estimating synergies are inherently uncertain and are subject to significant business, economic and competitive risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those contained in these benefit estimates
- (d) Represents the run rate effect of our operational cost improvement projects as if we benefited from the full cost savings from April 1, 2022. Although it is our objective to reach such cost savings, no assurance can be given that they will be achieved in the predicted time frame or at all or that additional unanticipated costs will not arise. Our cost savings estimates are based on a number of assumptions made in reliance on information available to us at the time such estimates were made and on our judgment. Assumptions are inherently uncertain and are subject to significant business, economic and competitive risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the estimates.

- (3) Working Capital consists of inventories, trade receivables, tax receivable, other current receivables and prepaid expenses and accrued income less trade payables, social security payables, current tax payables, other current payables and accrued expenses. Our finished product inventories generally have a short shelf-life and our raw materials and work in progress inventories are primarily affected by production management, invoicing and inventory management. The change in accounts payables and receivables is primarily linked to varying terms and the timing of payment and the ability to recover payments from customers.

The following table summarizes our change in Working Capital as of the dates and for the periods indicated:

€ million	As of March 31, 2023	As of December 31, 2022
Inventories	94.6	93.4
Trade receivables	38.7	40.7
Prepaid expenses and accrued income	2.4	2.2
Tax receivables	4.1	3.2
Other receivables	7.1	8.5
<i>Calculated current assets</i>	146.9	148.1
Trade payables	57.7	57.6
Tax payables	3.1	2.2
Social security payables	2.5	3.2
Accrued expenses	5.1	6.1
Other payables	9.1	8.6
<i>Calculated current liabilities</i>	77.5	77.6
Working Capital	69.4	70.4
Change in Working Capital	-1.0	1

Working Capital decreased by €1.0 million, or 1.5%, from €70.4 million as of December 31, 2022 to €69.4 million as of March 31, 2023. This decrease was primarily due to decreases in trade receivables of €2.0 million partially offset by the increase in inventory of € 1.2 million.

- (4) Net financial position represents our consolidated total indebtedness, consisting of €340.0 million of proceeds of the Notes, €10.0 million drawn under our Revolving Credit Facility and other existing debt of the Group, less cash and cash equivalents.

¹ Please notice that we have reclassified the amount of €3.7 in the figures as of December 31, 2022 from Trade receivables to Other receivables for comparisone purpose.

Subsequent Events

We do not have any subsequent events to report.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

General information about the Conceria Pasubio Group

The Conceria Pasubio Group is one of the leading suppliers of premium leather for the automotive industry producing high-quality finished leather for seats, dashboards and steering wheels, and other upholstery. The Conceria Pasubio Group has long-term, strategic relationships with global luxury and premium OEMs and is the partner of choice of Porsche, Jaguar Land Rover, Lamborghini, Bentley and Rolls-Royce. Given its history and geographical location, the Conceria Pasubio Group's customer base also includes leading Italian OEM luxury brands such as Maserati and Alfa Romeo.

Although the Conceria Pasubio Group operates across the entire leather value chain, which includes tanning, processing & finishing and cutting activities, the Conceria Pasubio Group focuses on the most value-added steps of the leather value chain: processing & finishing and cutting. The Conceria Pasubio Group considers these to be the more profitable steps of the leather value chain and the ones that require the most highly-skilled labor. Lower value-added, less skilled and more labor-intensive work is outsourced to third-party suppliers. As a result, the Conceria Pasubio Group's tanning operations are minimal, and it fully outsources sewing and wrapping work.

The Conceria Pasubio Group operates eleven state-of-the-art manufacturing plants comprising five production facilities in Italy, two production facilities in Germany and four cutting and lamination facilities in Italy, Serbia, Mexico and Germany, respectively. Over the course of its history, Conceria Pasubio Group has invested in building and maintaining advanced operations, driving its ability to operate on short lead times. Conceria Pasubio Group exclusively manufactures its products in Italy and Germany. Facilities in Serbia and Mexico are dedicated to re-tanning, finishing, cutting, lamination and wrapping.

Basis of presentation

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2023 (the "Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements") include the Condensed Consolidated Interim Balance Sheet, the Condensed Consolidated Interim Income Statement, the Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity, the Condensed Consolidated Interim Cash Flow Statement and the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, all of which were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on May 24, 2023. These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting standards issued by the Italian Accounting Organization (*Organismo Italiano di Contabilità*) ("Italian GAAP"), including OIC 30 (Interim Financial Reporting), and do not include all the information required for annual financial statements. Accordingly, these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022.

In preparing the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, the Company reclassified and renamed certain Italian GAAP line items in a manner that makes them more easily comparable to the financial information of businesses that do not adopt Italian GAAP.

The items reported in the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are stated in accordance with the general principles of prudence and accruals and considering the economic function of the assets and liabilities.

The Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are shown in euros, which is the accounting currency of the Group and its subsidiaries.

Scope of consolidation and presentation of the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

The scope of consolidation of the Group has been determined by referring to the legal control that Conceria Pasubio exercises over its subsidiaries.

The Consolidated Financial Statements consist of the Financial Statements of Conceria Pasubio, and the subsidiaries: Arzignanese S.r.l., GDI Assemblies LLC, GD Servicios Internacionales de Norte S. de R.L and Hewa Leder GmbH in which Conceria Pasubio directly holds the majority of voting rights and over whose activities it exercises control.

Consolidation Accounting Principles

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Italian Legislative Decree 127/1991 and OIC 17 (Consolidated Financial Statements). These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements do not include all the information required for annual financial statements. Accordingly, these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022.

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements consolidate subsidiaries from the date on which Conceria Pasubio acquired control of that subsidiary or from the first available date of consolidation. Should any subsidiary be disposed of, such subsidiary will be deconsolidated from the date on which Conceria Pasubio is no longer the controlling entity of such subsidiary.

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are consolidated on a line-by-line basis. The main consolidation criteria, which has been consistently applied across the periods described herein are as follows:

- the carrying amount of investments in consolidated subsidiaries is eliminated against the corresponding net equity; positive differences are allocated, where possible and gross of the related tax effect, to the subsidiaries' assets; any non-attributable residual amount calculated at the date of acquisitions, represents goodwill and is recognized as intangible assets and amortized over its estimated useful life;
- all payables, receivables, revenue and costs, including any unrealized profit and losses, deriving from transactions between subsidiaries and the parent company or between subsidiaries are eliminated upon consolidation.

Judgments and estimates

In preparing its Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Conceria Pasubio occasionally makes judgments in applying its accounting policies. In addition, the preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Italian GAAP requires the use of estimates that may affect the amounts reported and disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and related notes in future periods. These estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the relevant facts and circumstances, having regard to previous experience, but actual results may differ materially from the amounts included in the consolidated financial statements. The significant accounting policy judgments and areas of estimation uncertainty in the preparation of the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are consistent with those applied and disclosed in Conceria Pasubio's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Goodwill (note 1)

€ thousand	As of December 31, 2022	Increase	(Amortization)	(Decrease)	Inclusion in consolidation area	As of March 31, 2023
Conceria Pasubio	461,552		(6,127)			455,425
Total goodwill	461,552	-	(6,127)	-	-	455,425

Goodwill arising from the acquisition of Conceria Pasubio Group amounted originally to Euro 490,8 million. It was determined as the sum of the consideration transferred included the fees related to the acquisition minus the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed measured at fair value in accordance with OIC 17.

Based on the considerations that most significant part of the Goodwill was attributable to Conceria Pasubio's customer relation and on specific customer relationship analysis performed during the PPA process, the useful life of the goodwill has been determined in 20 years.

Intangible assets (note 2)

As of March 31, 2023, Intangible Assets amounted to €24,339 thousand, and as of December 31, 2022, Intangible Assets amounted to €24,948 thousand.

Intangible assets are detailed as follows:

€ thousand	As of December 31, 2022	Increase	(Amortization)	(Decrease)	Currency translation difference	Inclusion in consolidation area	As of March 31, 2023
Start-up and expansion costs	5.772	500	(364)	-	-	-	5.908
Development costs	2.802	216	(358)	-	-	-	2.660
Rights	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Concessions, licenses and similar rights	14.663	-	(498)	-	1	-	14.167
Other intangible assets	1.710	189	(235)	-	(0)	-	1.664
Total intangible assets	24.948	905	(1.455)	-	1	-	24.399

Start-up and expansion costs

The net book value of the item "start-up and expansion costs" mainly refers to "lump sum" contributions that the Company recognizes to car manufacturers when they are awarded new long-term projects.

Development costs

The net book value of the item “development costs” mainly refers to the expenses that the Conceria Pasubio Group has sustained to develop new products that are considered innovative and technologically advanced.

Concessions, licenses and similar rights

The rights, which net book value amounts to Euro 14,167 thousand, refer to the use and dispose water for the production activity only through specific rights and authorizations. Having the rights is a necessary condition for running the tannery business. They have been identified during the PPA process (Euro 16.973 thousand) and refer to Conceria Pasubio (Euro 10.557 thousand, amortized over 15 years) and to Arzignanese (Euro 6.416 thousand, amortized over 5 years).

Other intangible assets

The net book value of the item “other intangible assets” mainly refers to software, mainly attributable to the Company.

Property, plant and equipment (note 3)

As of March 31, 2023 property, plant and equipment amounted to €61,973 thousand, and as of December 31, 2022, property, plant and equipment amounted to €56,608 thousand.

Depreciation allocated throughout the periods was calculated on all of the property, plant and equipment depreciated, applying the tax rates representing the technical-economic life, specified in the significant accounting policies.

Property, plant and equipment are detailed as follows:

€ thousand	As of December 31, 2022	Increase	(Amortization)	(Decrease)	Currency translation difference	Inclusion in consolidation area	As of March 31, 2023
Land and building	26,350	70	(271)	(1)	25	-	26,173
Plants and machinery	24,397	3,582	(1,855)	-	(2)	-	26,121
Industrial and commercial equipment	2,190	340	(149)	1	56	-	2,438
Other tangible assets	458	11	(24)	-	-	-	445
Constructions in progress	5,213	1,583	-	-	-	-	6,796
Total tangible assets	58,608	5,586	(2,300)	(0)	79	-	61,973

Land and building refers to properties owned by the Conceria Pasubio Group, mainly related to the Company for an amount equivalent to €26,173 thousand as of March 31, 2023. Specifically, the value of land is €6,493 thousand, while the remainder relates to industrial and civil buildings.

Plant and Machinery mainly refers to the substantial investment plan that the Company undertook during the previous year and that involved all plants to carry out a technological renewal of existing plants and increase production capacity.

Industrial and commercial equipment includes the cost of purchase of various equipment for warehouse (trestles, platforms, stainless steel tanks, etc.) and laboratory.

Other tangible assets throughout the fiscal years are mainly related to vehicles and cars as well as other office equipment.

Other assets (note 4)

As of March 31, 2023, other assets amounted to €4,533 thousand; and as of December 31, 2022 other assets amounted to €4,788 thousand.

Other assets are detailed as follow:

€ thousand	As of March 31, 2023	As of December 31, 2022
Hedge instrument	4,307	4,561
Other	226	226
Total Other assets	4,533	4,788

Inventory (note 5)

As of March 31, 2023, inventories amounted to €94,612 thousand; and as of December 31, 2022 inventories amounted to €93,390 thousand.

Inventories are detailed as follow:

€ thousand	As of March 31, 2023	As of December 31, 2022
Raw Materials	26,120	26,590
Work in progress and semi-finished products	60,955	58,492
Finished products	7,537	8,308
Total inventories	94,612	93,390

Inventories are stated net of provisions for warehouse stock write-downs, in order to report their estimated realizable value. These provisions reflect both the economic and physical obsolescence of inventories. Inventories are shown net of a provision for slow moving items.

Notes (note 6)

Notes amounted to €328,605 thousand as of March 31, 2023; and amounted to €328,188 thousand as of December 31, 2022

€ thousand	As of March 31, 2023	As of December 31, 2022
- Notes	340,000	340,000
- Accrued interest	70	63
- Amortized costs	(11,464)	(11,876)
Total Notes	328,605	328,188

Leather 2 issued € 340.0 million of senior secured notes currently listed on the Euro MTF of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. The Notes will mature on September 30, 2028. Interest on the Notes accrues at a rate of three-month EURIBOR (with a 0% floor) plus 4.5% and provides for interest payments on a quarterly basis.

Shareholders' Loan (note 7)

Shareholders' Loan amounted to Euro 148,340 thousand as of March 31, 2023; and it amounted to Euro 144,751 as of December 31, 2022.

€ thousand	As of March 31, 2023	As of December 31, 2022
Shareholders' loan	128,700	128,700
<i>Conceria Pasubio S.p.A.</i>	128,700	128,700
Accrued interest	19,640	16,051
<i>Conceria Pasubio S.p.A.</i>	19,640	16,051
Total Shareholders' Loan	148,340	144,751

The amount represents the shareholder loan granted to Leather 2 on September 27, 2021. The interest rate is 10% and provides the liquidation of the interest on September 30, 2029. The repayment of this shareholder loan is subordinated to the Notes.

Bank Loan (note 8)

Borrowings from banks are detailed in the following table:

€ thousand	As of March 31, 2023	As of December 31, 2022
Bank loan		
- of which within 12 months	15,292	14,923
- of which beyond 12 months	13,324	11,604
Total bank loan	28,616	26,527

The main Bank loans represented can be split as follows:

- Hewa Financing with Commerzbank: amount to Euro 780 thousand as of March 31, 2023; the interest rate is 2.00%
- Hewa Financing with Commerzbank: amount to Euro 2,349 thousand as of March 31, 2023; the interest rate is 1.57%
- Several Pasubio short term Credit lines like import/export or other cash credits: amount to Euro 15,255 thousand as of March 31, 2023; the interest rate is between 0,35% and 0,55%;
- “Revolving Credit Facility”: amount to Euro 10,000 thousand as of March 31, 2023; the interest rate is 3.25%. The total available amount is equal to Euro 65,000 thousand, the interest rate applied on the undrawn is 0.98% (30% of 3.25%).

Certain residual local lines are open across the Conceria Pasubio Group.

Other financial liabilities (note 9)

Other financial liabilities are as follows:

€ thousand	As of March 31, 2023	As of December 31, 2022
Other financial liabilities		
- of which within 12 months	3,303	4,106
- of which beyond 12 months	4,245	3,226
Total other financial liabilities	7,549	7,332

In particular, the amounts due under other financial liabilities, throughout the period, are as follows:

€ thousand	As of March 31, 2023	As of December 31, 2022
Leasing Debt of Arzignanese S.r.l.	946	1,047
Leasing Debt of Conceria Pasubio S.p.A.	3,781	2,464
Debts to factoring companies	1,894	2,895
Other financial liabilities	927	927
Total other financial liabilities	7,549	7,332

Leasing debts mainly refers to contracts signed by Arzignanese and the Company for the purchase of machinery and equipment.

Revenue (note 10)

Revenue is detailed in the following table:

€ thousand	As of March 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2022
Proceeds from the sale of goods	92,503	90,691
Revenues for service provided	3,774	3,239
Total Revenue	96,277	93,930

Revenue amounted to €96,277 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2023; and it amounted to Euro 93,390 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Revenues are shown net of discounts and rebates.

A breakdown of revenue by geographic region is provided below:

€ thousand	As of March 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2022
Europe	85,665	80,923
Asia	3,185	3,864
Africa	4,547	3,652
America	2,725	5,207
Rest of the World	156	285
Total Revenue	96,277	93,930

Purchase of goods and changes in inventory (note 11)

Purchase of goods and changes in inventory comprise costs of raw materials, supplies and consumables as explicated below:

€ thousand	As of March 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2022
<i>Raw material</i>	48,839	46,579
<i>Finished goods</i>	7	29
Other purchases	1,816	1,443
Purchase of raw materials, components and finished goods	50,663	48,051
Change in inventories of finished goods and semi-finished products	(1,639)	(4,609)
Change in inventories of raw materials and goods	512	7,413
Total purchase of goods and changes in inventory	49,535	50,855

Purchase of raw materials, consumables and goods and changes in inventories amount to €141,998 thousand as of September 30, 2022; and amount to € 121,278 thousand as of September 30, 2021.

Net financial expenses (notes 12)

Financial income and expenses are detailed below:

€ thousand	As of March 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2022
Financial income (expenses)	(10,389)	(7,964)
- Financial expenses on notes	(5,846)	(4,202)
- Financial expenses on shareholders' Loan	(3,589)	(3,275)
- Financial expenses on RCF	(258)	(314)
- Other financial expenses	(696)	(172)
Net exchange rate gain (losses)	(125)	108
- Profit exchange rates	403	234
- Losses on exchange rates	(528)	(126)
Net financial expenses	(10,514)	(7,856)

Financial expenses

Throughout the periods presented, financial expenses refer to interests on Notes, Shareholder Loan and on bank loans primarily entered into by the Company.

Gains and losses on exchange

These gains and losses have been calculated considering the exchange rate as the end date of each period.

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